# DOMESTIC VIOLENCE and THE LAW

A . , , G , wo 10, 900,

Experiencing domestic violence can be frightening and confusing. It can also make people feel very alone. If you have a boyfriend, girlfriend, or spouse that is abusive, there are people who want to help.

This booklet can help explain your legal rights. If you need help right now, you may need to read this book later after you are out of immediate danger.

Try not to solve this problem on your own and always try to put your safety first.

#### What to do RIGHT NOW:

#### CALL 911.

If you are in danger right now, call the police. You do not need to decide whether a crime has been committed to call them for help. They can drive you to somewhere safe and provide you with information. You can also call them if you need medical attention.

#### • CALL someone to HELP and SUPPORT you.

If you have a friend or family member to help you through this, consider confiding in them. There is an agency in almost every county in North Carolina that can help you. All of them have 24-hour hotlines where you can call for information and help. These agencies are listed, by county, at the back of this book.

#### During a fight. . .

- Avoid small rooms where you could get trapped, and rooms that contain weapons such as kitchen knives or garage tools.
- Protect your face and head by curling into a tight ball and going into the nearest corner.
- Teach your children to stay away from the fighting so they won't get hurt.
- Make up code words to alert friends or family members that you are in danger.
- If you can confide in your neighbors, ask them to call for help if they hear the abuse or see a pre-arranged signal (for example, your porch light is on or blinking during the daytime).

#### Planning to leave. . .

- Think about a place you can go where your partner will not find you: a shelter, church/synagogue/mosque/temple, friend's home, hotel, etc.
- Pack an emergency bag including medication, a change of clothes, basic hygiene items, money, spare car, house & office keys, bus pass, and diapers, bottles & formula if necessary (hide the bag in a place ONLY you can easily access such as: your car trunk, shed, garage, office or neighbor's house).
- Collect and hide outside your house originals or copies of documents such as marriage & birth certificates, passports, your and your partner's social security & drivers license numbers, bank account numbers, ATM card, and home & car titles.
- Be cautious about telling your children about your escape plan, to insure they
  will not accidentally reveal your arrangements.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduction	iv
What is Domestic Violence Under the Law?	1
1. Physical Abuse Against You	1
2. Threats	1
3. Child Abuse	1
4. Stalking	1
How Can A Victim of Domestic Violence Get Help?	2
1. Call the Police	2
2. Use the Court System	3
3. Protect Your Children's Safety	4
How Does the Law Protect People From Domestic Violence?	4
1. Criminal Charges	4
2. Child Abuse Complaint	5
3. Civil Relief	5
How Does A Victim of Domestic Violence Use the Criminal	
Justice System?	5
1. Report the Crime as Soon as Possible	5
2. Be Prepared to Tell What Happened	5
3. Most Common Domestic Violence Crimes	6
Rape and Sexual Offense	6
• Assault	6
Domestic Criminal Trespass	6
Communicating Threats	6
Stalking	6
<ul> <li>Harassing Phone Calls</li> </ul>	7
4. Tips and Pointers	7

How Does a Victim of Domestic Violence Use the Civil	
Justice System?	8
1. What can the Judge do?	8
2. How to get a Domestic Violence Protective Order	9
Frequently Asked Questions	11
1. What happens if the abuser violates the order?	11
2. What happens if you contact the abuser?	12
3. What if my abuser's actions make me move?	12
4. How does moving affect my child custody rights?	12
5. What if my abuser has an attorney?	12
6. What if my abuser's attorney wants me to settle or dismiss the case?	13
7. What if my abuser wants me to agree to a mutual protective order?	13
8. What can I do to cope with my feelings after being abused?	13
9. What if it's not safe for me to stay in my home?	13
10. What do I do about my money and important things?	14
11. Immigrants	14
American Indian North Carolinians	15
Resources	16
1. Help Is Available	16
2. North Carolina Domestic Violence Programs	16
3. Legal Aid/Legal Services	24
Classary of Terms	97

## Introduction

 $\mathbf{c}$ 

# What is Domestic Violence Under North Carolina Law?

The organizations listed in the back of this booklet can help you no matter what type of abuse you have suffered.

#### 1. Physical Abuse Under the Law.

The legal definition of domestic violence in North Carolina is physical violence and threats. Physical violence includes kicking, beating, grabbing, using a weapon against you (like a knife, gun or a hammer), slapping, pushing, pulling your hair, throwing you (on the floor, down stairs, etc.) or throwing something at you or near you in order to scare you.

Physical Abuse may also be:

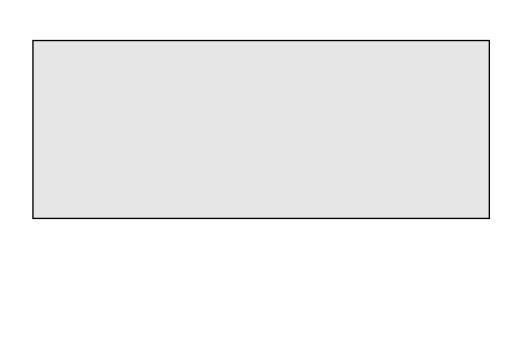
- forced sex:
- destruction of your possessions to make you believe you might get physically hurt (like ripping your clothes or destroying your personal items); and
- threatening behavior. For example, if someone lets you know that if you get up from a chair or leave a room, you will be hurt physically.
  get 10 0 0 10 4r8len471.6(g)12.9(r)1 446.6379 Tm0 Tr-0.0002.492 0 TD7905 0
  Physical t570.2905 0 TD(L)Tj1 TrT\*(L)Tj0 T070.802 0 TD(.)Tj(.)Tj10 0 0 10 41

L

L

N

L 2011



complaint. If you can do it safely, leave the house and take your children, pets, and important things with you.

#### • EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE

Law enforcement officers are authorized by law to do whatever is reasonable to protect you from harm. The police can arrest your abusive partner if they have good reason to believe that your partner has hurt you. They can also arrest your abusive partner if they believe he has violated a court order by hurting you or coming to your house.

## • COLLECT EVIDENCE THAT YOU HAVE BEEN BEATEN OR THREATENED.

When the police arrive, give them torn or bloody clothing, pictures or any other evidence of an attack (if you have any). Be sure to give the police names and phone numbers of any witnesses to your attack. If there is a court order that your partner has violated, give the police a copy of it so they can arrest him for violating the order. You should also give the police a copy of separation, divorce or custody papers, if there are any.

#### ASK THE POLICE TO MAKE A REPORT OF WHAT HAPPENED.

Ask the police to take pictures of your injuries and any damage to your home or belongings and to conduct an investigation. You may ask for the police officer's name and badge number so that the officer can be a witness for you in any civil or criminal proceeding you may bring against your abusive partner. Write this information down so you can report it to the district attorney if you sign a criminal complaint.

If you do not press criminal charges against your abusive partner, the police may be less likely to help you in the future and your abusive partner may believe that he or she can get away with hurting you.

#### 2. USE THE COURT SYSTEM.

To get started with the court system, you can contact:

• **MAGISTRATE.** If the police officer does not file criminal charges against your abusive partner, you can go to the local magistrate and sign a criminal complaint. Look in your local phone book in the blue pages for the telephone number and location of the magistrate's office.

#### • CLERK OF COURT. R

file a request for a civil complaint and motion for a domestic violence protective order. A local domestic violence assistance agency should be able to assist you in preparing these forms.

- **DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROGRAM.** You can contact your local domestic violence agency. The phone numbers are listed at the back of this booklet.
  - AN ATTORNEY.

you are married to or living with the abuser.

#### 2. You can and should file a CHILD ABUSE COMPLAINT if:

• You suspect or know about abuse of any child. Reports of child abuse go to your county Department of Social Services. Their phone number is listed in the blue pages of your phone book under the county section.

## 3. You can file for CIVIL RELIEF (a "Protective Order") in the civil courts if:

- You are currently married to the person abusing you;
- You used to be married to the person abusing you;
- You are currently living with or have previously lived with the person abusing you;
- You and the person who is hurting you are related as parents or grandparents. You can not get an order against a child under 16;
- You are dating or used to date the person who is abusing you and you are different sexes;
- You and the person abusing you have a child in common.

## How Does a Victim of Domestic Violence Start a Criminal Case?

#### 1. REPORT THE CRIME AS SOON AS POSSIBLE

If you can get to a telephone, call the police immediately. If the police witness an assault, they are required by law to make an arrest on the spot. You should never remain in a place of danger in order to allow the police to witness the violence. They can make an arrest even if they don't witness it if they have enough evidence to believe an assault occurred. This is called "probable cause."

#### 2. BE PREPARED TO TELL WHAT HAPPENED

If the police do not witness the assault, and do not find "probable cause," you may have to go to the magistrate's office to file charges. You will need to describe to the magistrate what happened to you and take along with you any witnesses to the domestic violence and any evidence of injury or abuse, including pictures, torn or blood-stained clothes and medical reports. Upon hearing your sworn testimony, the magistrate should issue a criminal summons or a

warrant, even if you do not have physical evidence of abuse.

### **3. MO**S

Stalking may also include threatening telephone calls or other forms of threatening communication which is made for the purpose of terrorizing the victim or placing the victim in fear of his/her personal safety.

#### HARASSING PHONE CALLS

Using profane, indecent or threatening language against you over the telephone or on your answering machine is illegal. This includes annoying or harassing you by making false statements over the telephone or by repeated calling.

## TIPS AND POINTERS FOR THE CRIMINAL TRIAL

#### Attend the Trial

You will need to be present in court to testify about what happened. You will be contacted by the District Attorney's office with the court date and/or you may contact their office. Their phone number is listed in the blue pages of the phone book.

#### • The District Attorney is Your Attorney

You may contact the district attorney's office before the trial date to discuss the case and the evidence that you will be able to present. If there are any witnesses to the domestic violence that was committed against you, you should let

## Getting Your Domestic Violence Protective Order

Step One: Prepare an Crosj2no.30 Tr0.3661 0 TD(e)Tj1 TrT\*(e)Tj0 Tr00 0

sheriff to your abusive partner and before he has the chance to come before the judge. The order is only good for ten (10) days and the hearing usually takes place within 24 hours of filing the complaint. Take steps to protect yourself during this time, especially if you think your abusive partner will hurt you because of the actions you are taking to protect yourself.

#### Step Three: Service on the Abuser

The law requires that the abuser receive a copy of the complaint and motion by personal delivery from your local sheriff. This process is called "service." The judge cannot go to Step Four, the 10-day hearing, until the defendant-abuser has been served. You can give the documents to the sheriff and he or she will attempt service quickly. Give the sheriff as many addresses and phone numbers to reach the abuser that you can gather. It is also helpful to give a full description of the abuser and to complete a form called "Identifying Information about Defendant," which you can get from the clerk's office.

#### Step Four: The 10-Day Hearing

A full hearing with you, your witness, the abuser and the judge will take place ten days after the summons is issued and the complaint is filed, assuming the abuser has been served with your complaint. Be sure you bring with you to the courtroom any witnesses to the domestic violence against you and all evidence you can gather, such as pictures, medical reports, answering machine messages, and/or torn clothing. If you do not have any evidence, do not worry. They are not required, but they do help the judge believe you. Be prepared to describe to the judge in detail what the abuser has done to you and why you are still afraid of him or her now. Tell the judge about the most recent and most violent episodes first. Be aware that your abuser can ask you questions in court. Keep calm, if you can.

Your abuser is also going to have a chance to tell his side of the story. Do not get upset if the abuser contradicts what you say. Judges have seen many cases of domestic violence and will expect contradictions in the testimony. If the judge believes you are truthful, he or she should give you some form of domestic violence relief.

If the papers are not served on the abuser by the date of the 10-day hearing, the judge may issue another temporary, ex parte order or extend your original ex parte order until the next court date. You will have to return on later dates until the abuser has been served.

# Ask the Judge for Relief Be certain that you tell the judge exactly what relief you want. You may find

contact an attorney to file a motion for entry of contempt or you can file a motion yourself. The forms are available at the clerk of court's office. Again, you must write specifically what the abuser did that was in violation of the order, and you and the abuser must appear before a judge. The judge may tell the abuser that if the abuser violates the order, he or she will be jailed; or the judge may find that the order has already been violated and sentence the abuser to jail or order that he or she pay a fine.

#### 2. What happens if you contact the abuser?

If the judge has ordered the abuser not to contact you, try to refrain from any telephone or personal contact with the abuser. Although you are not violating the law, the judge may be less likely to enforce the order. If you have let the abuser into your home (even if you have started living together again), you can reapply for relief if further domestic violence occurs, but the abuser may be less likely to take a second court order seriously. More importantly, the court may begin to question your credibility and concern for protecting your own safety.

#### 3. What if my abuser's actions make me move?

If you have a valid protective order from another state, it will be enforced by North Carolina law enforcement agencies. Also, other states will enforce your North Carolina order and it is a good idea to get a "certified" copy from the clerk before you move.

#### 4. How does moving affect my child custody rights?

If you relocate with or without your children because of an act of domestic violence, the court is not allowed to use that fact against you in determining custody or visitation. In custody decisions, the court will consider acts

If you cannot afford an attorney, you should contact the nearest Legal Aid or Legal Services office as soon as possible. You can find a list of those services at the back of this booklet.

### American Indian North Carolinians

Some of the information provided here applies to all North Carolinians. In some cases, however, there are differences for American Indian North Carolinians. If either you or the person who abused you are members of the Cherokee Indian tribe, the proper place to file criminal and civil charges is the Tribal Court. Even if you are not Cherokee, if you live on the reservation, you should file papers with the Tribal Court.

There are a few things to know about how the Cherokee Tribal Court works. There are advocates who can help explain the process to you and make sure you are not alone. You can call the domestic violence agency listed in the table that follows for help. In order to reach the Tribal Court, call (828) 497-7874 or (828) 497-7720. If you have access to the Internet, you can read the Cherokee Tribal Rules for the NC Eastern Band of Cherokee by going to the following internet address: http://www.tribalresourcecenter.org/ccfolder/eccodetoc.htm.

The following is a list of organizations and tribes located around the state that will give information and referrals to American Indians. Help is available.

#### **Cumberland County**

Cumberland County Association for Indian People (910) 483-8442
Email:

#### **Guilford County**

#### Halifax-Warren County Haliwa-Saponi Tribe

(252) 586-4017 Email: 4, @ 4, , , , , , m

#### **Person County**

Indians of Person County (336) 599-5020 Email:

#### Wake County

**Triangle Native American Society** (919) 661-2515

#### Statewide Advocacy

The North Carolina Commission of Indian Affairs

(919) 733-5998

## Help Is Available

Almost every county in North Carolina has a domestic violence service provider. These agencies are designed to assist victims of domestic violence by providing information, support and emergency response, like emergency shelter and confidential hotlines.

You may also need an attorney. To see if you are eligible to receive the services of an attorney, you should call the legal services office in your area (see table below).

ΑL

68 Grove St.

Asheville, NC 28801 Office: (828) 254-2968 Crisis: (828) 254-0516 Fax: (828) 254-0720

111 9 8 My, 44 M, 411

Interlace

34 Wall St. Ste. 607 Asheville, NC 28801 Office: (828) 252-1155 Fax: (828) 259-9469

#### **BURKE COUNTY**

**Options** 

PO Box 2512

Morganton, NC 28680 Office: (828) 438-9444 Crisis: (828) 438-9444 Fax: (828) 437-0323

#### CABARRUS COUNTY

CVAN - Women's Program PO Box 1749 Concord, NC 28026-1749 Office: (704) 788-1108 Crisis: (704) 788-2826 Fax: (704) 788-1109

#### CALDWELL COUNTY

Shelter Home of Caldwell County PO Box 426 Lenoir, NC 28645 Office: (828) 758-0888

Crisis: (828) 758-0888 Fax: (828) 758-8949

#### CAMDEN COUNTY

(See Pasquotank County)

#### **CARTERET COUNTY**

Carteret Co. DV Program PO Box 2279

Morehead City, NC 28557 Office: (252) 726-2336

Crisis: (i Tc0.0265 Tw[Cr)-15.1(isis:)-171.7(( B3728) 758-8949) TJ0.015 -2.2072 0.0265 Tw899 WELT COUSh8lter

Mocksville, NC 27028 Office: (336) 751-3450 Crisis: (336) 751-4357 Fax: (336) 751-3451

1113477199011

#### **DUPLIN COUNTY**

Sarah's Refuge, Inc. PO Box 368 Warsaw, NC 28398 Office: (910) 293-3467 Crisis (toll free): 877-299-8111

Crisis: (910) 293-3206 Fax: (910) 293-3973

#### **DURHAM COUNTY**

Durham Crisis Response Center 206 N. Dillard St Durham, NC 27701 Office: (919) 403-9425 Crisis: (919) 403-6562 Fax: (919) 490-9726

I I rie of Myo and Add and

#### **EDGECOMBE COUNTY**

My Sister's House PO Box 7665 Rocky Mount, NC 27804-0665 Office: (252) 462-0366 Crisis (toll free): 888-465-9507 Crisis (252): 459-3094 Fax: (252) 462-0555

#### **FORSYTH COUNTY**

Family Services, Inc. 1200 S. Broad Street Winston-Salem, NC 27101 Office: (336) 722-8173 Toll free: 1-800-316-5513 Crisis: (336) 723-8125 Fax: (336) 724-6491

Family Services Shelter (Shelter office)

PO Box 604

Winston-Salem, NC 27102 Office: (336) 724-3979 Fax: (336) 724-3970

#### FRANKLIN COUNTY

Safe Space PO Box 240 Louisburg, NC 27549 Office: (919) 497-5599

#### COUNTY

Family Services of Davidson Co PO Box 607 Lexington, NC 27293 Office: (336) 243-1628 Crisis: (336) 243-1934 Fax: (336) 243-7685 Web Site:

#### DAVIE COUNTY

Davie Domestic Violence Services and Rape Crisis Center 123 South Main Street 3rd Floor Crisis (toll free): 800-620-6120

Crisis: (919) 497-5444 Or 1-800-620-6120 Fax: (919) 497-1761

#### GASTON COUNTY

Shelter of Gaston County 330 N. Marietta St. Gastonia, NC 28052 Office: (704) 810-6492 Crisis: (704) 852-6000

Crisis: (704) 852-6000 Fax: (704) 852-6004

Website: 4,444,4/1,7

#### GATES COUNTY

(See Pasquotank County or Hertford County)

#### GRAHAM COUNTY

Hope for Families PO Box 2298

Robbinsville, NC 28771 Office: (828) 479-4612 Crisis: (828) 479-4332 Fax: (828) 479-4973

#### GRANVILLE COUNTY

Families Living Violence Free 1003 N Durham Road Creedmoor, NC 27522 Office: (919) 693-2662 Crisis: (919) 693-2324 Fax: (919) 693-9652

#### **GREENE COUNTY**

(See Lenoir County)

#### **GUILFORD COUNTY**

Family Service of the Piedmont 1401 Long Street High Point, NC 27262-2541 Office: (336) 889-6161 Fax: (336) 387-9167

manyon some and

Greensboro Location: 315 East Washington St. Greensboro, NC 27401 Office: (336) 387-6161 Fax: (336) 273-7273

111777 TOTTON TON MON , AM

#### HALIFAX COUNTY

Hannah's Place

PO Box 1392

Roanoke Rapids, NC 27870 Office: (252) 537-2882

Crisis: (252) 535-5946 Fax: (252) 308-9781

#### HARNETT COUNTY

SAFE of Harnett Co. PO Box 728 Lillington, NC 27546 Office: (910) 893-7233 Crisis: (910) 893-7233

Fax: (910) 893-3508

11177 70 701

#### HAYWOOD COUNTY

REACH of Haywood County, Inc. PO Box 206

Waynesville, NC 28786 Office: (828) 456-7898 Crisis: (828) 456-7898 Fax: (828) 452-0960

111 m 14/17 7,000 m

30th Judicial District DV-SA Alliance. Inc.

PO Box 554

Waynesville, NC 28786 Office: (828) 452-2122

Fax: (828) 456-9739

#### HENDERSON COUNTY

Mainstay

133 Fifth Avenue West Hendersonville, NC 28792

Office: (828) 693-3840 Crisis: (828) 693-3840

Hispanic Hotline: (828) 674-5099

Fax: (828) 696-8104

#### HERTFORD COUNTY

Crisis: (910) 878-0118 Fax: (910) 875-8443

#### HYDE COUNTY

(See Beaufort County)

#### IREDELL COUNTY

My Sister's House PO Box 5217 Statesville, NC 28687 Office: (704) 872-4045 Crisis: (704) 872-3403 Fax: (704) 873-3319

#### JACKSON COUNTY

REACH of Jackson County PO Box 1908 Sylva, NC 28779 Office: (828) 631-4488 Crisis: (828) 586-1911 Fax: (828) 631-4477

11197,00 TY, 100 ,0 M

#### JOHNSTON COUNTY

Harbor, Inc PO Box 1903 Smithfield, NC 27577 Office: (919) 938-3566 Crisis (toll free) 877-934-0233 Crisis: (919) 934-6161

Fax: (919) 938-4515

111 47 4 441/7 7 1411

#### JONES COUNTY

(See Craven County)

LEE

700 North Tryon St. Charlotte, NC 28202 Office: (704) 336-3210 Fax: (704) 336-4198

. . ://, ... m, all

#### MITCHELL COUNTY

SafePlace PO Box 544

Spruce Pine, NC 28777 Office: (828) 765-4015 Crisis: (828) 765-4044 Fax: (828) 765-4011

many yald a jag in

#### MONTGOMERY COUNTY

Crisis Council PO Box O Trov. NC 27371

Office: (910) 572-3749 Crisis: (910) 572-3747 Fax line: (910) 572-3749

#### MOORE COUNTY

Friend To Friend 111 McNeil Street Carthage, NC 28327 Office: (910) 947-3333 Crisis: (910) 947-3333 Fax: (910) 947-1849

#### NASH COUNTY

(See Edgecombe County)

#### NEW HANOVER COUNTY

**Domestic Violence Shelter & Services** PO Box 1555

Wilmington, NC 28402 Office: (910) 343-0703

Crisis (toll free) 800-672-2903

Crisis: (910) 343-0703 Fax: (910) 343-9388

I my ana an a omand

#### NORTHAMPTON COUNTY

(See Hertford County)

#### **ONSLOW COUNTY**

Onslow Women's Center\*

PO Box 1622

Jacksonville, NC 28541 Office: (910) 347-4000 Crisis: (910) 347-4000 Fax: (910) 347-7960

#### ORANGE COUNTY

Family Violence Prevention Center of

**Orange County** PO Box 187

Chapel Hill, NC 27514

Office: (919) 929-FVPC (3872) Crisis (toll free): 866-929-7122

Crisis: (919) 929-7122 Fax: (919) 929-9925

( ( , , , , , , )

#### PAMILCO COUNTY

(See Craven County) Pamlico County Office Office: (252) 745-0500 Crisis: (252) 638-5995

#### PASQUOTANK COUNTY

Albemarle Hopeline PO Box 2064

Elizabeth City, NC 27906-2064

Office: (252) 338-5338 Crisis: (252) 338-3011 Fax: (252) 338-2952

11146, Myo, as, a, and

#### PENDER COUNTY

Safe Haven Pender County PO Box 657

Burgaw, NC 28425 Office: (910) 259-8989 Crisis: (910) 259-9410 (only in Burgaw area) (800) 259-8887 Fax: (910) 259-9410

#### PERQUIMANS COUNTY

(See Pasquotank County)

#### PERSON COUNTY

Safe Haven Person County

PO Box 474

Roxboro, NC 27573 Office: (336) 597-8699 Crisis: (336) 599-7233

Fax: (336) 597-9318

#### PITT COUNTY

Family Violence Program of Pitt Co., Inc.

PO Box 8429

Greenville, NC 27835-8429 Office: (252) 758-4400 Crisis: (252) 752-3811 Fax: (252) 752-4197

11000,000

#### **POLK COUNTY**

Steps To Hope, Inc. PO Box 518

Columbus, NC 28722 Office: (828) 894-2340 Crisis (825) 894-2340 Fax: (828) 894-3044

#### RANDOLPH COUNTY

Family Crisis Center

PO Box 2161

Asheboro, NC 27204-2161 Office: (336) 626-5040 Crisis: (336) 629-4159

Fax: (336) 629-0523

#### RICHMOND COUNTY

New Horizons 1225 S Long Drive Rockingham, NC 28379 Office: 910-997-4840

Crisis: 910-995-1872 Fax: 910-997-7444

#### ROBESON COUNTY

Southeastern Family Violence Center PO Box 642

Lumberton, NC 28359

Office: (910) 739-8622

Crisis (toll free): 800 742-7794 (910) 739-8622

Fax: (910) 739-1180

#### ROCKINGHAM COUNTY

**HELP Inc. Center Against Violence** 

PO Box 16

Wentworth, NC 27375 Office: (336) 342-3331 Crisis: (336) 342-3332 Fax: (336) 342-6377

#### ROWAN COUNTY

Rape, Child & Family Abuse Crisis Council of Salisbury-Rowan, Inc. 131 West Council Street Salisbury, NC 28144 Office: (704) 636-4718

Crisis: (704) 636-4718 Fax: (704) 636-0345

#### RUTHERFORD COUNTY

Family Resources of Rutherford Co. PO Box 1619 Forest City, NC 28043 Office: (828) 247-1440 Crisis: (828) 245-8595 Fax: (828) 245-1456

111 30,001

#### SAMPSON COUNTY

U-CARE
PO Box 761
Clinton, NC 28328
Office: (910) 596-0931
Crisis: (910) 596-0931
Fax: (910) 596-0574

SCOTERCOTY

#### Legal Aid of NC - Ahoskie Office

610 East Church Street
Ahoskie NC 27910
252-332-5124 or 800-682-0010
Counties served: Bertie, Camden,
Currituck, Dare, Gates, Halifax,
Hertford, Northhampton, Pasquotank,
Perquimans

#### Legal Aid of NC - Asheville Office

184 East Chestnut Asheville NC 28801 828-236-1080 or 877-439-3480 Counties served: Buncombe, Henderson, Madison, Polk, Rutherford, Transylvania

#### Legal Aid of NC - Boone Office

171 Grand Boulevard Boone NC 28607 828-264-5640 or 800-849-5666 Counties served: Alleghany, Ashe, Avery, Watauga, Wilkes,

#### Legal Aid of NC - Charlotte Office

1431 Elizabeth Avenue Charlotte NC 28204 704-971-2621

Counties served: Mecklenberg

Legal Aid of NC - Tj1 TrT\*( )Tj0 Tr0.2904 0 TD(-)2904 0 TD(-)2904 0 TD(-)290gD(i)Tj1 Tr

336-272-0148 or 800-951-2257 Counties served: Davidson, Guilford, Montgomery, Randolph, Rockingham, Rowan

#### Legal Aid of NC - Greenville Office

301 S. Evans Street, Suite 200 P O Box 7283 Greenville NC 27858 252-758-0113 or 800-682-4592 Counties served: Pitt, Martin, Hyde, Washington, Tyrrell

#### Legal Aid of NC - Goldsboro Office

102-A South William Street Goldsboro NC 27530 919-731-2800 or 800-682-7902 Counties served: Greene, Lenoir, Wayne

#### Legal Aid of NC - Monroe Office

100 West Jefferson Street Monroe NC 28110 704-283-2172 or 877-439-3480 Counties served: Buncombe, Mitchell, Henderson, Polk, Yancey, Rutherford, Madison, Transylvania

#### Legal Aid of NC - Morganton Office

211 East Union Street
Morganton NC 28655
828-437-8280 or 800-849-5195
Counties served: Alexander, Burke,
Caldwell, Catawba, Cleveland, Lincoln,
McDowell

#### Legal Aid of NC - New Bern Office

213 Pollock Street P O Box 1167 New Bern NC 28560 252-637-9502 or 800-672-8213 Counties served: Beaufort, Carteret, Craven, Jones, Pamlico

#### Legal Aid of NC - Pembroke Office

101 East Second Street Pembroke NC 28372 910-521-2831 or 866-219-5262 Counties served: Cumberland, Hoke, Robeson, Scotland

#### Legal Aid of NC - Pittsboro Office

959 East Street , Suite A & B Pittsboro NC 27312 866-219-5262 Counties served: Chatham, Orange, Lee, Richmond, Alamance

#### Legal Aid of NC - Raleigh Office

224 South Dawson Street Raleigh NC 27601 866-219-5262 Counties served: Harnett, Johnston, Lee, Sampson, Wake

#### Legal Aid of NC - Rocky Mount Office

148 South Washington Street Mall, Suite 105 Rocky Mount, NC 27802-0388 252-442-0635 or 800-682-7902 Counties served: Edgecombe, Nash

#### Legal Aid of NC - Sanford Office

503 Carthage Street, Suite 305 Sanford NC 27330 866-219-5262 Counties served: Lee

#### Legal Aid of NC - Smithfield Office

300 South Third Street Smithfield NC 27577 866-219-5262 Counties served: Harnett, Johnston, Sampson

#### Legal Aid of NC - Sylva Office

1286 West Main Street Sylva NC 28779 828-586-8931 or 800-458-6817 Counties served: Cherokee, Clay, Graham, Haywood, Jackson, Macon, Swain, Qualla Indian Boundary

#### Legal Aid of NC - Wilmington Office

201 North Front Streeteeto(c0.910-763-6207.1(v)14.672-9 0 71.7(Ch.1(a)17.7(yer)5.6(d)

## Glossary of Terms Used in This Booklet

**Accused**: A person or persons formally charged but not yet tried for committing a crime.

**Affidavit**: A written, sworn statement in which the writer swears that the information stated therein is true.

**Alleged**: The term used to modify any fact or charge not yet proven true.

**Arrest**: The taking into custody of a person suspected of a crime for the purpose of charging him with committing a specific offense.

Arrest warrant: A document issued by a judicial officer which directsex 4a9 (harg) 23

**Docket**: The list of cases to be heard on a given day.

**Domestic Violence Protective Order**: A civil order that grants immediate relief to victims of domestic violence by prohibiting batterers from commit-